

# How does a business behave and how do we measure that behaviour – some challenges, approaches and findings

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# Introduction

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- What do we mean by behaviour in a business context?
- What are the challenges in measuring it?
- What approaches and techniques can be used to measure business behaviour?



# Background

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- The Waste and Resources Action Programme (WRAP) works with businesses and individuals to help them reduce waste, develop sustainable products and use resources in an efficient way
- 2008-2011 Business Plan marked a shift towards setting explicit goals around changing behaviour



# Objectives

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- Develop mechanism to measure business behaviour change target in business plan
- Establish baseline for each audience
- Identify opportunities for WRAP to influence business behaviour



# Defining behaviour in a business context

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- Behaviour that WRAP is trying to influence
  - Behaviour is undertaken by individuals not organisations
  - Behaviour is active and current
  - Behaviour can be undertaken to a greater or lesser extent



# Methodological approach

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- Telephone survey
- Sampling business people rather than organisations
- Behavioural questions asked on a scale
- Relevant to:
  - Sector
  - Responsibilities / job role



# Methodological approach

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- Incorporating questions to validate people's claims about their behaviour
- Open questions
- Responses categorised as:
  - Supported
  - Questionable
  - Not supported



# Methodological approach

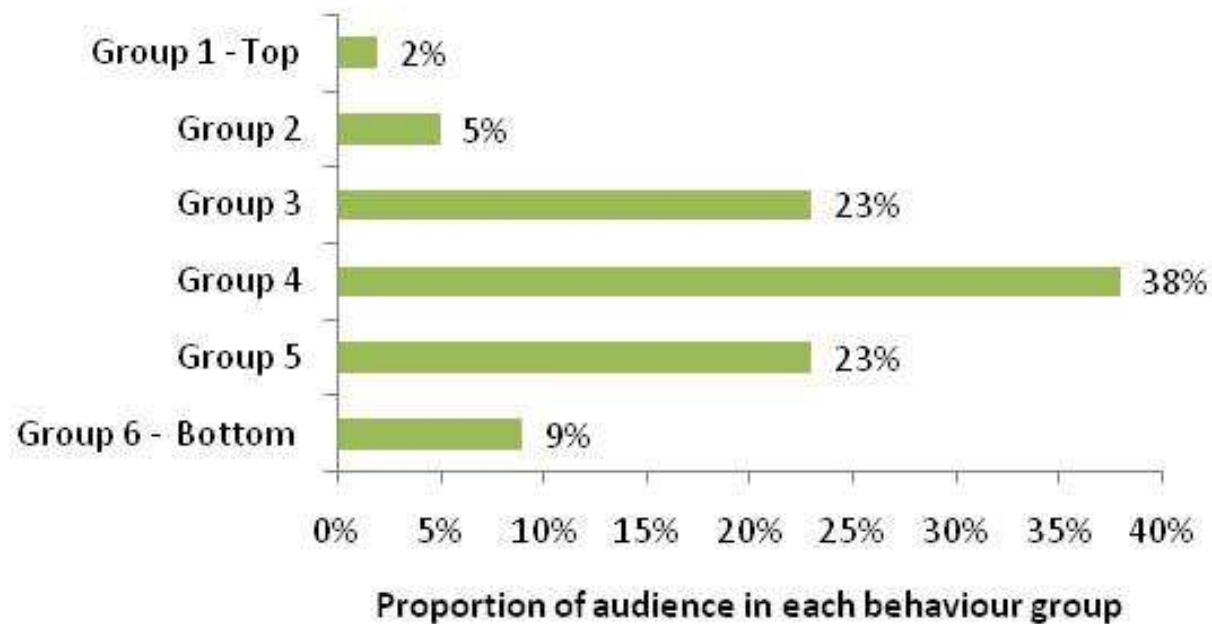
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- Analysis to segment WRAP's audiences into six groups dependent on their environmental behaviour
- Calculated a cumulative score based on performance against each behaviour depending on:
  - Extent of implementation
  - Frequency of implementation
  - Plans to implement behaviour
  - Awareness of behaviour





# Methodological approach



**Figure 1:** Behaviour metric for an example audience (2008)  
(sample=100; Population = 1,000)

# Methodological approach

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- Gathered insight through:
  - Open questions to explore obstacles and drivers
  - Demographic questions



# Key findings

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- Business behaviour can be measured
  - Data collection practical
  - Indicators can be developed
  - Generates useful insight



# Key findings

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- Most audiences / roles have started on the journey
- But few are doing all they can
- Behaviour with regards to resource efficiency is not integrated throughout organisations



# Key findings

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- Key drivers for behaviour are reputation, cost and making genuine environmental impacts
- Key obstacles are a perception that there is not an opportunity to implement the behaviour or that it will have a negative impact on the quality of the product or service



# Conclusions

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- Research techniques to measure business behaviour should:
  - Capture behaviour at all levels of the business
  - Take account of the fact that behaviour is active, current and scalable
  - Reflect a firm understanding of what behaviour is being measured



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