

International Energy Program Evaluation Conference

Matching and Variation in Adoption

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MATCHING AND VIA: QUASI-EXPERIMENTAL METHODS IN A WORLD OF IMPERFECT DATA

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SEE Action Report

 VIA more highly ranked than matched comparison group methods



Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification (EM&V) of Residential Behavior-Based Energy Efficiency Programs: Issues and Recommendations

Customer Information and Behavior Working Group Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Working Group

May 2012



Presentation Overview

- Background on the program database
- Description of VIA and matched comparison group methods
- Key considerations for each method
- Recommendations





Program Background

MyMeter Overview

Program features include:

- Comparative usage
- Energy challenges
- Property profile
- Bill threshold alerts
- Peak time alerts
- Energy markers
- Outage alerts

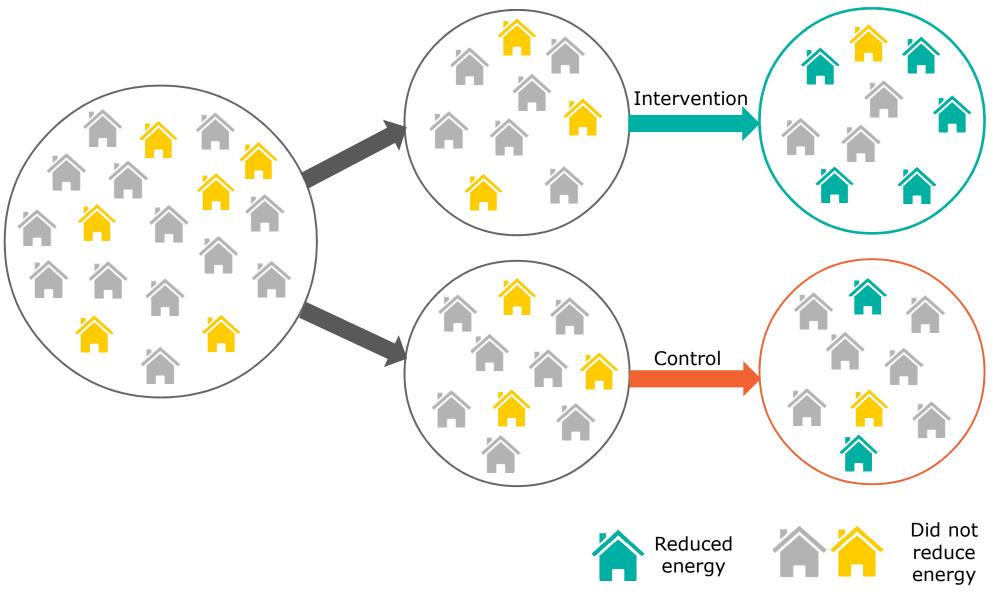


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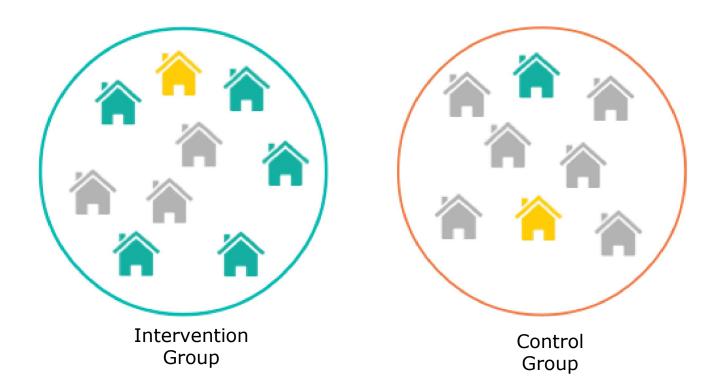
Evaluation Methods

True Experiments



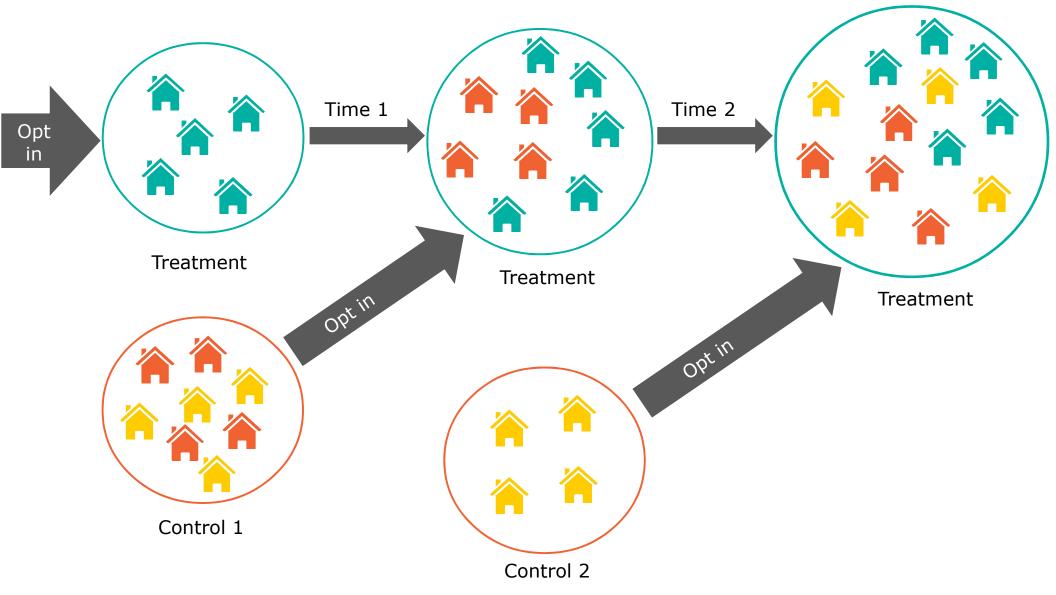


Quasi-Experiments



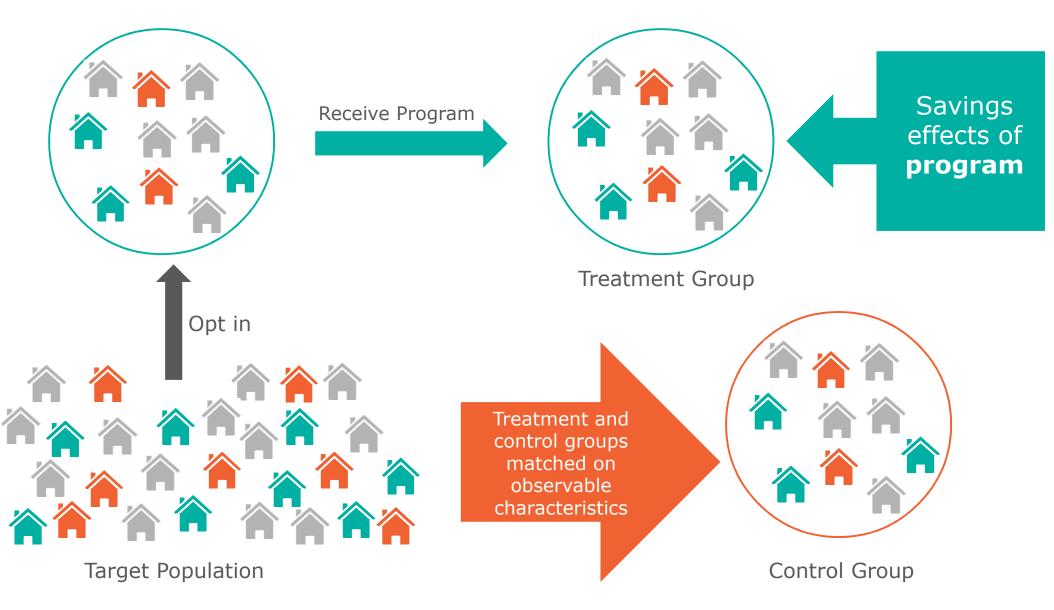


Variation in Adoption





Matched Comparison Group



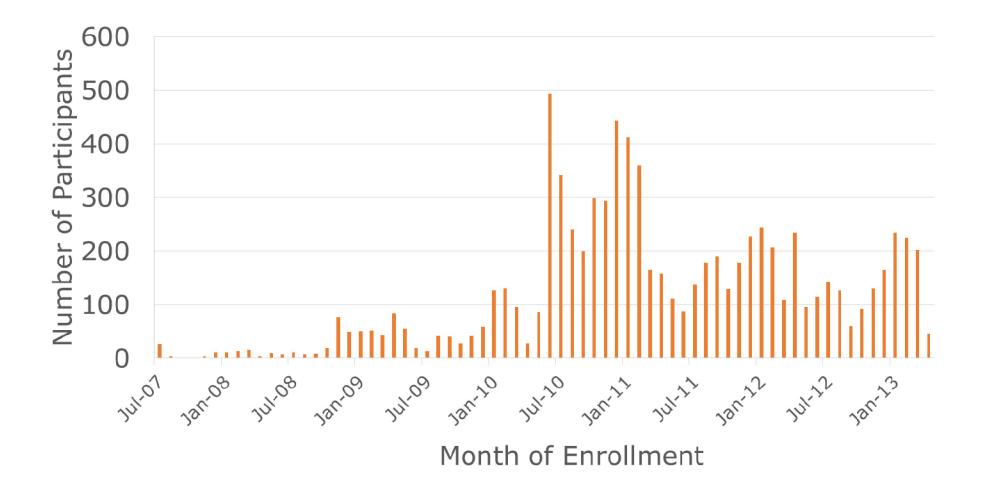
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Evaluation Approach Considerations

- Enrollment timing
- Enrollment saturation
- Data availability
- Selection bias
- Territory and program-specific conditions

Enrollment Timing

Key Question: Is enrollment spread out across 6 more months or did it happen during a short period of time?



Enrollment Saturation

Key Questions:

Matching: Are there enough nonparticipants to select a comparison group?

VIA: Are there enough earlier and later adopters?



Target Population



Data Availability

Key Questions:

Matching: Are sufficient pre- and post- data available for a large pool of customers including non-participants.

VIA: Are data available for earlier and later enrollees?





Territory and Program Conditions

Key Questions:

Matching: Are there specific customer types in the territory that have unusual energy usage patterns that may be difficult to match?

VIA: Can communication about and knowledge of the program be restricted to particular groups of customers at different points in time?



Selection Bias

Key Questions:

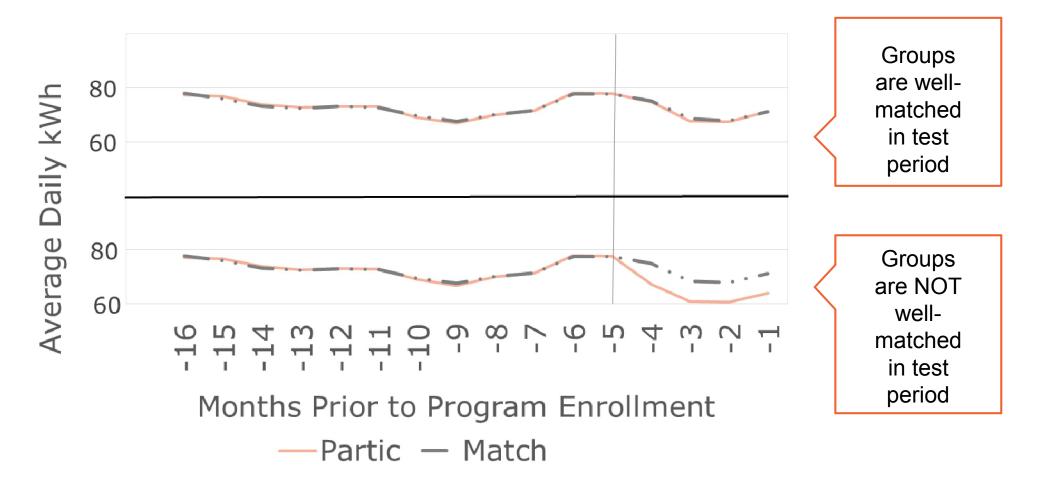
Matching: Does matching on energy usage control for other differences between participants and comparison customers?

VIA: Are customers who enroll later similar to customers who enroll earlier except for knowledge of the program?



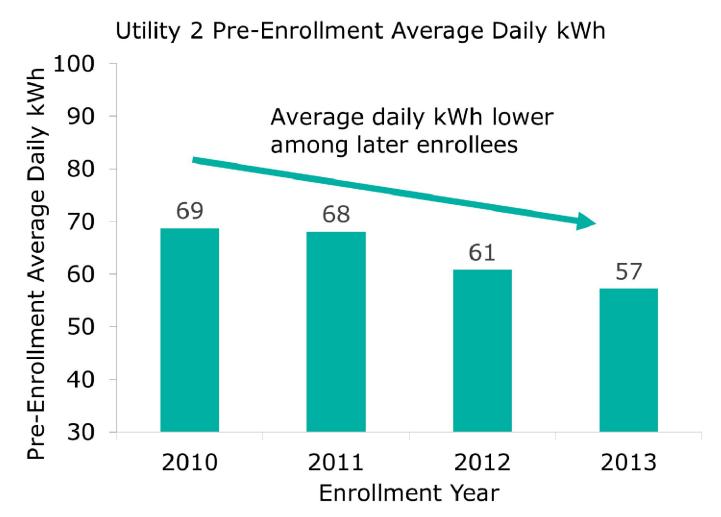
Selection Bias

Matched Comparison Group Method – Imbens and Woolridge (2009) quasi-test



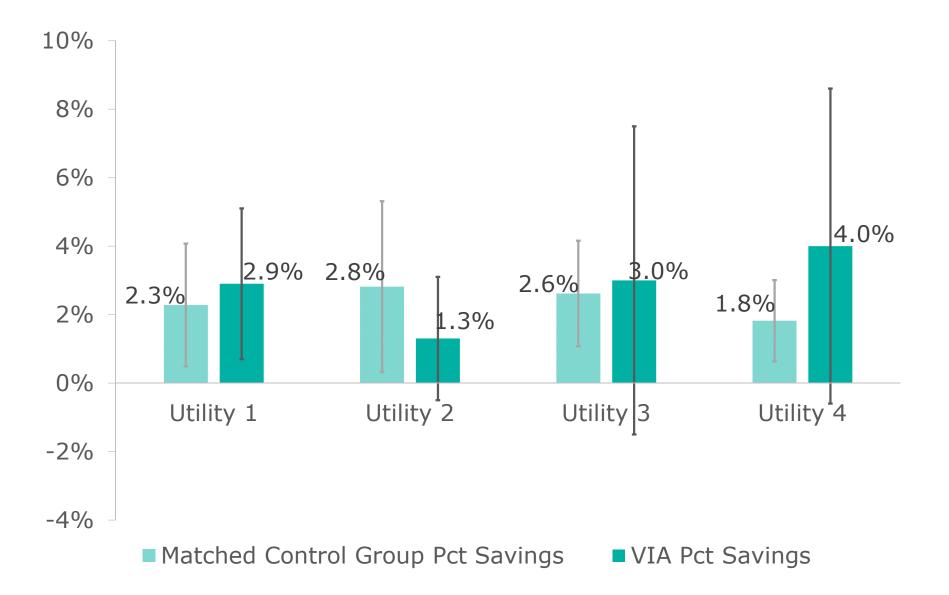
Selection Bias

VIA Method – Assumes no difference in later and earlier adopters





Savings Estimates



Conclusions

Matched Comparison Group Method is dependent on availability of data:

- Territory and program-specific conditions: Is there a large enough pool of similar non-participants from which to draw a comparison group?
- Data availability Are pre- and post-period data available for participants and matches?
- Enrollment saturation Is there an adequate pool of non-participants?
- Selection bias Are there 16 or more months of preperiod data available in order to match on 12 and have a test period?

Conclusions

Variation in Adoption is more likely to be successful if planned for upfront:

- Territory and program-specific conditions: Can program marketing be rolled out to customers over time?
- Enrollment timing Need to have enrollment spaced out over 9 to 12 months
- Enrollment saturation Are there adequate numbers of earlier and later enrollees?
- Data availability Are data available for earlier and later enrollees?
- Selection bias Later enrollees should be similar to earlier enrollees except for knowledge of and enrollment in program

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VIA Model Specification

Average daily energy use for customer *i* in billing period *t*

- Household effects
- Series of binary variables indicating calendar month of billing period t
- Pre-period: Series of binary variables indicating number of months until enrollment for customer *i* in billing period *t*
- Post-period: Series of binary variables indicating number of months since enrollment for customer *i* in billing period *t*

